

* Rmk about calculation tree for NFA

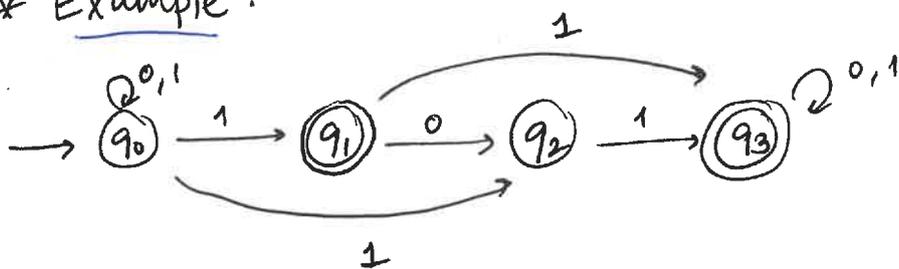
If $w = \epsilon$, and M is an NFA then w is accepted by M if and only if there is a path from the start state to some accept state, which follows only ϵ -labelled arrows.

* Yesterday + Today: Convert NFAs to equivalent DFAs

- Step 1: Eliminate any ϵ -arrows

- Step 2: (Main step): Construct a DFA whose state set is the power set of the original set of states; the transition function is read off using the same process as in the calculation tree.

* Example:



(NFA without ϵ -arrows)

M

Let's construct a DFA M' , which is equivalent.

- State set of $M' = \mathcal{P}(Q)$, where $Q = \{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3\}$
- Start state of $M' = \{q_0\}$
- Accepting states of $M' = \{\text{any subset of } Q \text{ that contains any of the accepting states of } M'\}$

②

E.g (in our example): $\{q_1\}$, $\{q_3\}$, $\{q_1, q_3\}$, $\{q_0, q_1\}$,
 $\{q_0, q_3\}$, $\{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3\}$, ... etc

Non-accepting: \emptyset , $\{q_0\}$, $\{q_2\}$, $\{q_0, q_2\}$.

- Transition function:

$$\delta': P(Q) \times \Sigma \rightarrow P(Q)$$

[Let $\delta: Q \times \Sigma \rightarrow P(Q)$ be the transition fn of M .]

$$\delta'(\underbrace{A, x}_{\alpha}) = \underbrace{\delta(A, x)}_{\alpha}$$

Let $B \in P(Q)$, i.e. $B \subseteq Q$. Let $x \in \Sigma$.

$$\delta'(B, x) = \bigcup_{b \in B} \delta(b, x)$$

[Read x at each state in B , and combine all outputs together.]

• Resulting machine M' is a DFA ✓

• Can check that w is accepted by M if and only if w is also accepted by M' .

[Running a word w through M' is the same process as running the calculation tree of w on M .]

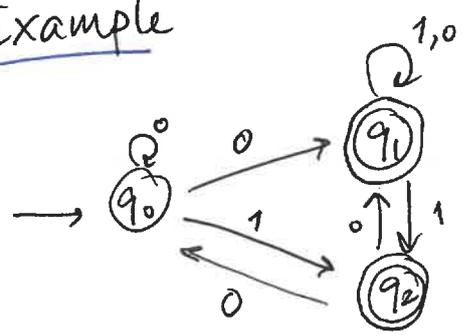
⇒ Every NFA has an equivalent DFA!

⇒ Each regex has an equivalent ~~DFA~~ NFA and hence an equivalent DFA!

[Downside: NFA → DFA construction gives an exponential blow-up in terms of size.]

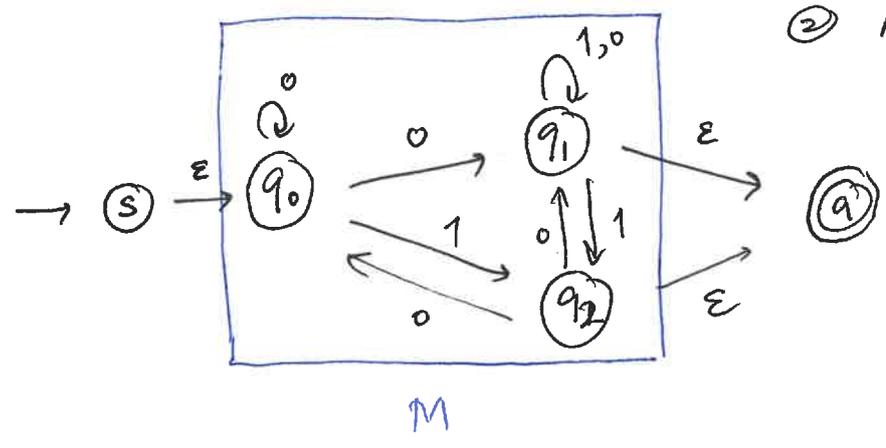
* Next goal: Go backwards [NFA/ → regex]
DFA

Example



Pre-step: clean up

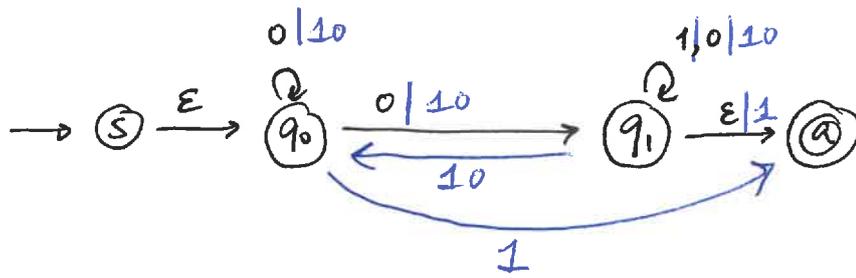
- ① Make a new start state s , with an ϵ -arrow to the original start
- ② A new accept state a , and ϵ -arrows from all old accept states to a .



Main algorithm: Successively remove one state at a time from inside the box, updating arrows as you go.

E.g. : Let us remove q_2 (+ all arrows to/from q_2)

(4)



[Generalised
NFA]

[Continue on Monday!]